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# ***Physical Properties of 70 Galaxy Clusters Observed by XMM-Newton***

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# *Introduction to the Survey*

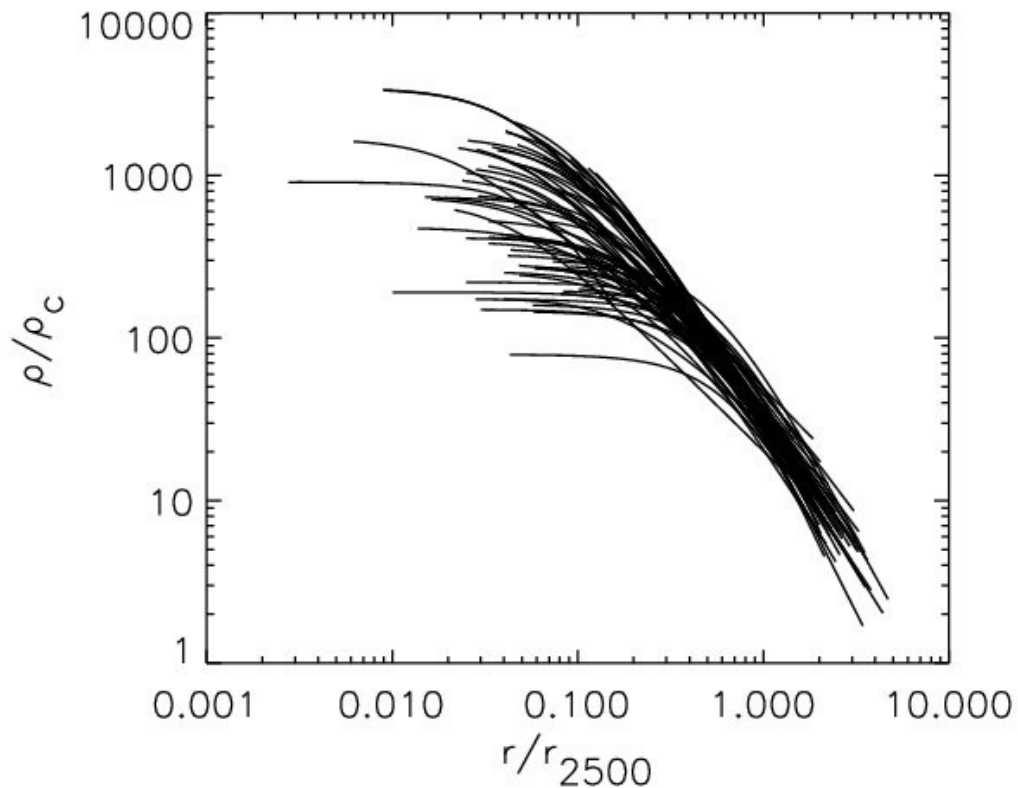
- 70 Clusters:
  - ★ Distance: Virgo to  $z = 0.45$
  - ★ Temperatures: 1.8—14 keV
  - ★ Masses:  $(0.2\text{—}9.0) \times 10^{14} M_{\odot}$
  - ★ Highest signal-to-noise observations in archive.
- Initial data analysis presented in Snowden et al. 2008 (astro-ph/07102241).
  - ★ Careful background subtraction.
  - ★ Provides projected temperature, abundance, and electron density distributions ( $\sim 10$  annuli per cluster).
  - ★ Only MOS data.

# ***Data Analysis***

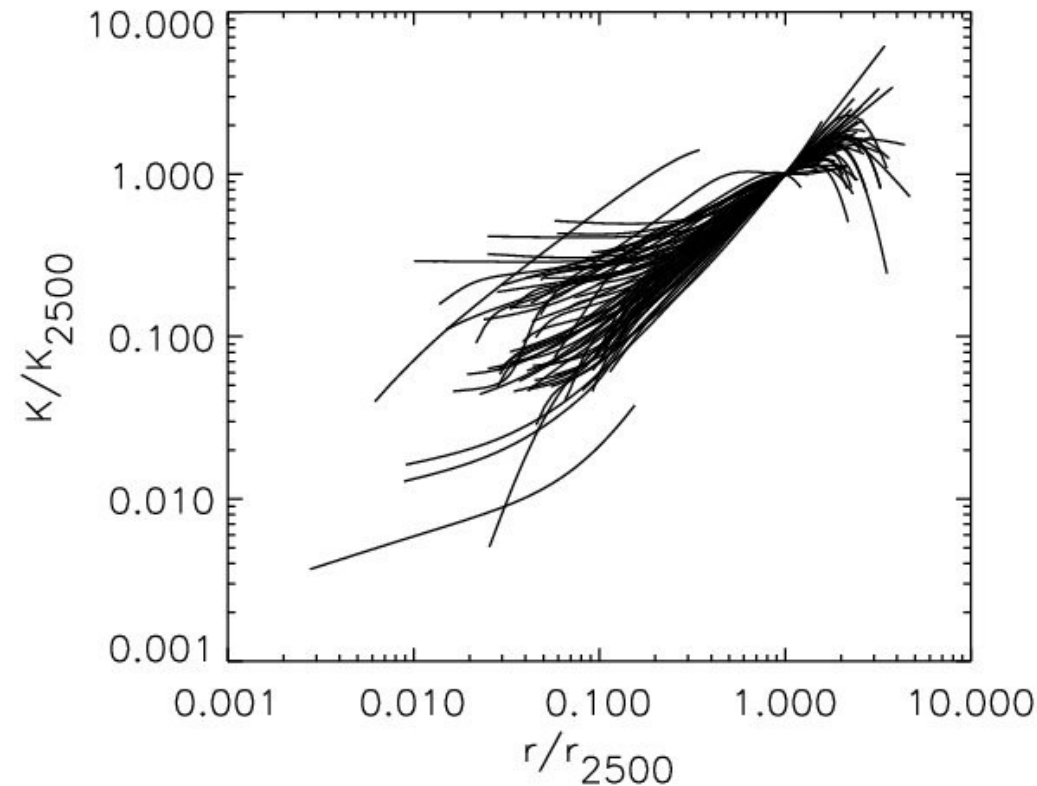
- Fit for radial (3D) distributions of electron density and temperature.
  - ★ Used beta model for electron density.
  - ★ Temperature model of Vikhlinin et al. 2006.
- From these derived distributions in:
  - ★ Gas Mass
  - ★ Total Mass, assuming hydrostatic equilibrium
  - ★ Entropy
  - ★ And calculated values at  $R_{2500}$  (other scales to come).

# Distributions

## Gas Density Distributions



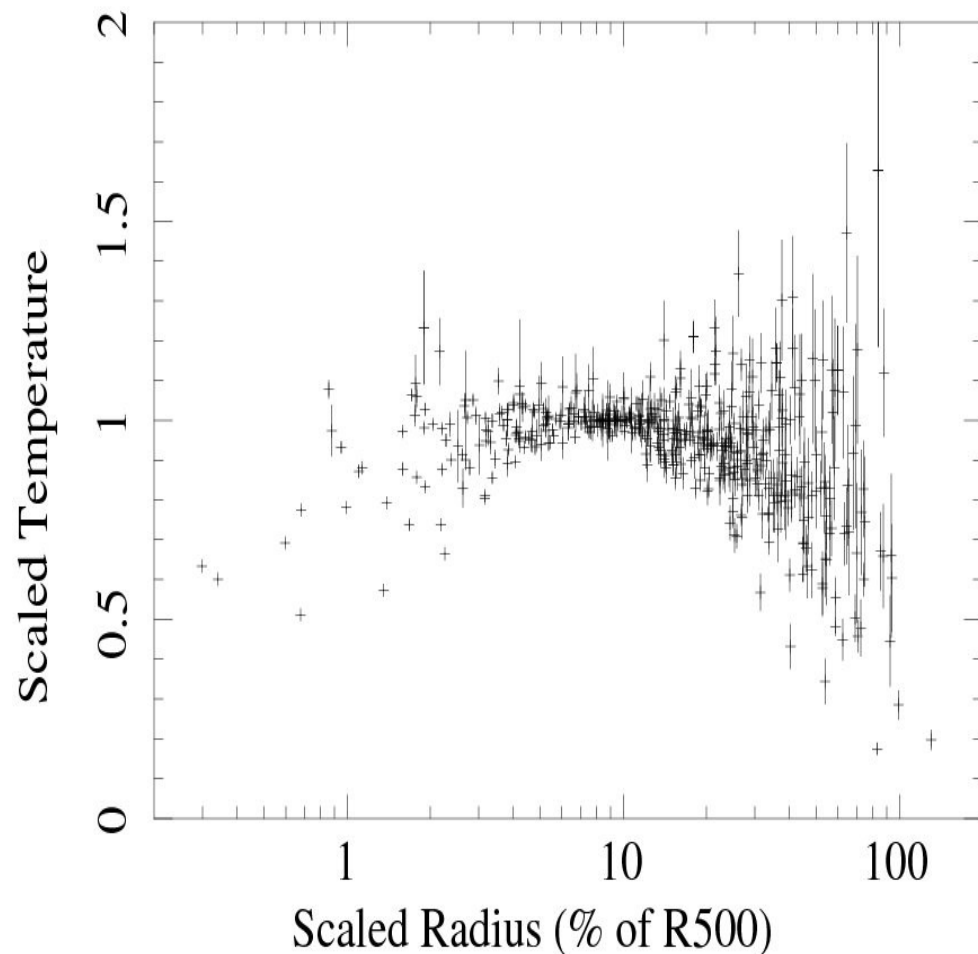
## Entropy Distributions



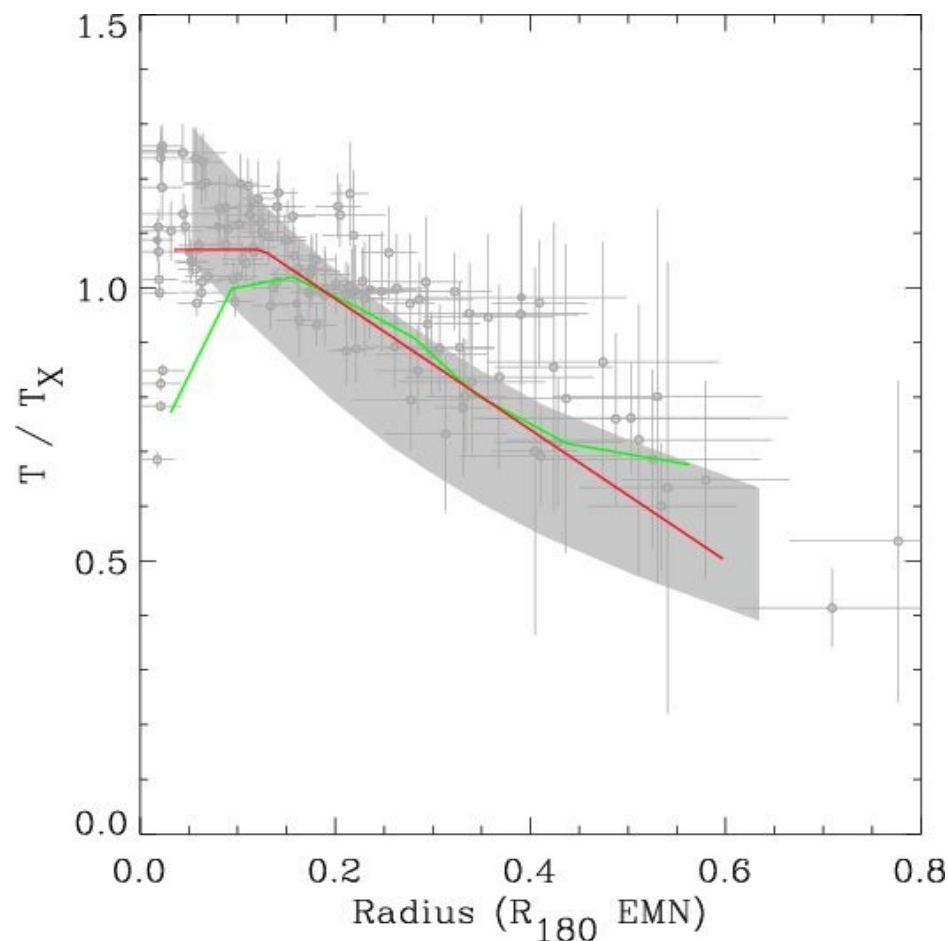
Some clusters show turnover in Entropy. Need better model of density distribution.

# Temperature Distributions

Snowden et al. 2008

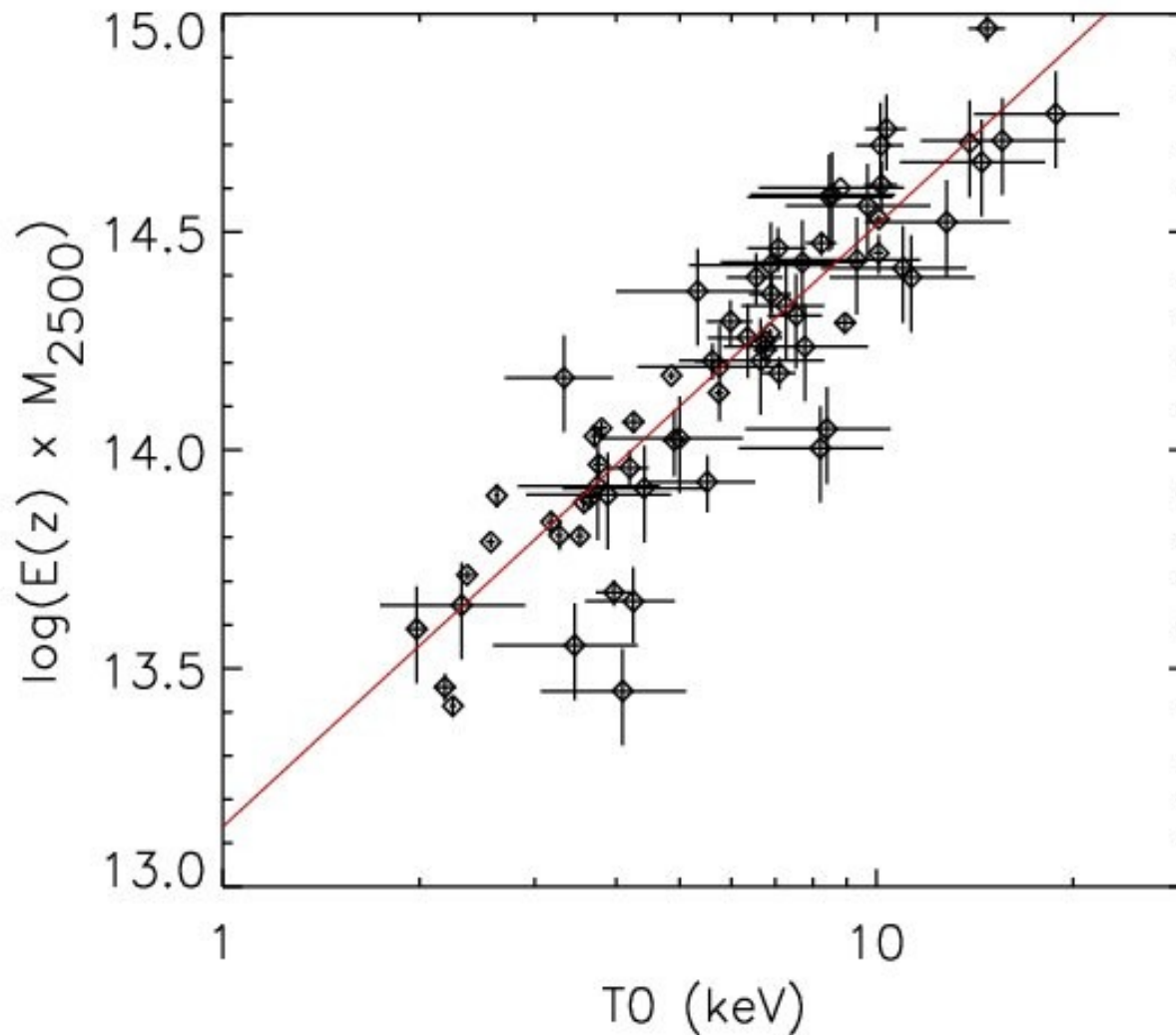


Pratt et al. 2007



We see much larger scatter in temperature profiles at large radius than previous studies.

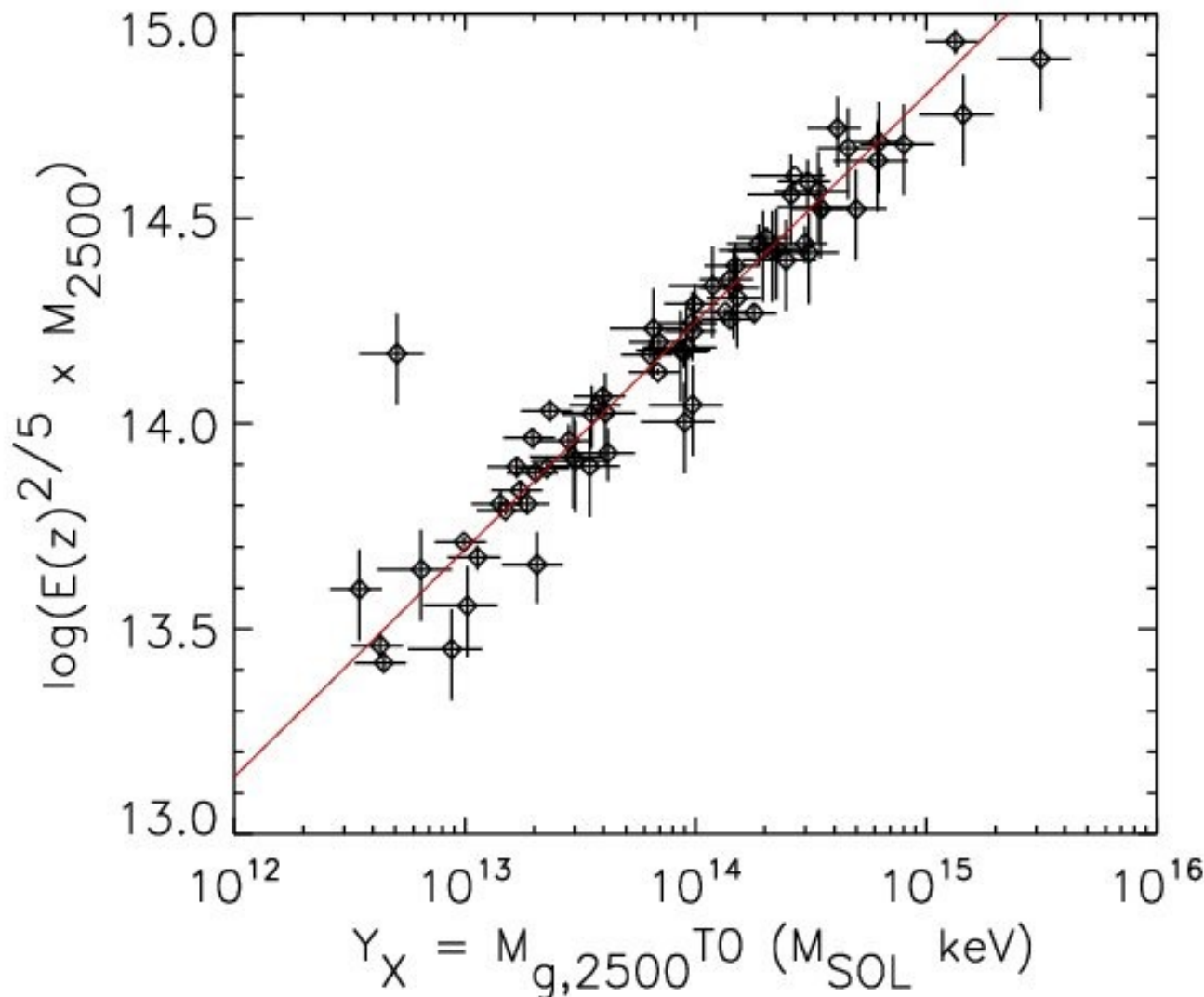
# Mass-Temperature



Self similar:  
 $M \propto T^{1.5}$

Our Result:  
 $M \propto T^{1.38}$

# Mass- $Y_X$

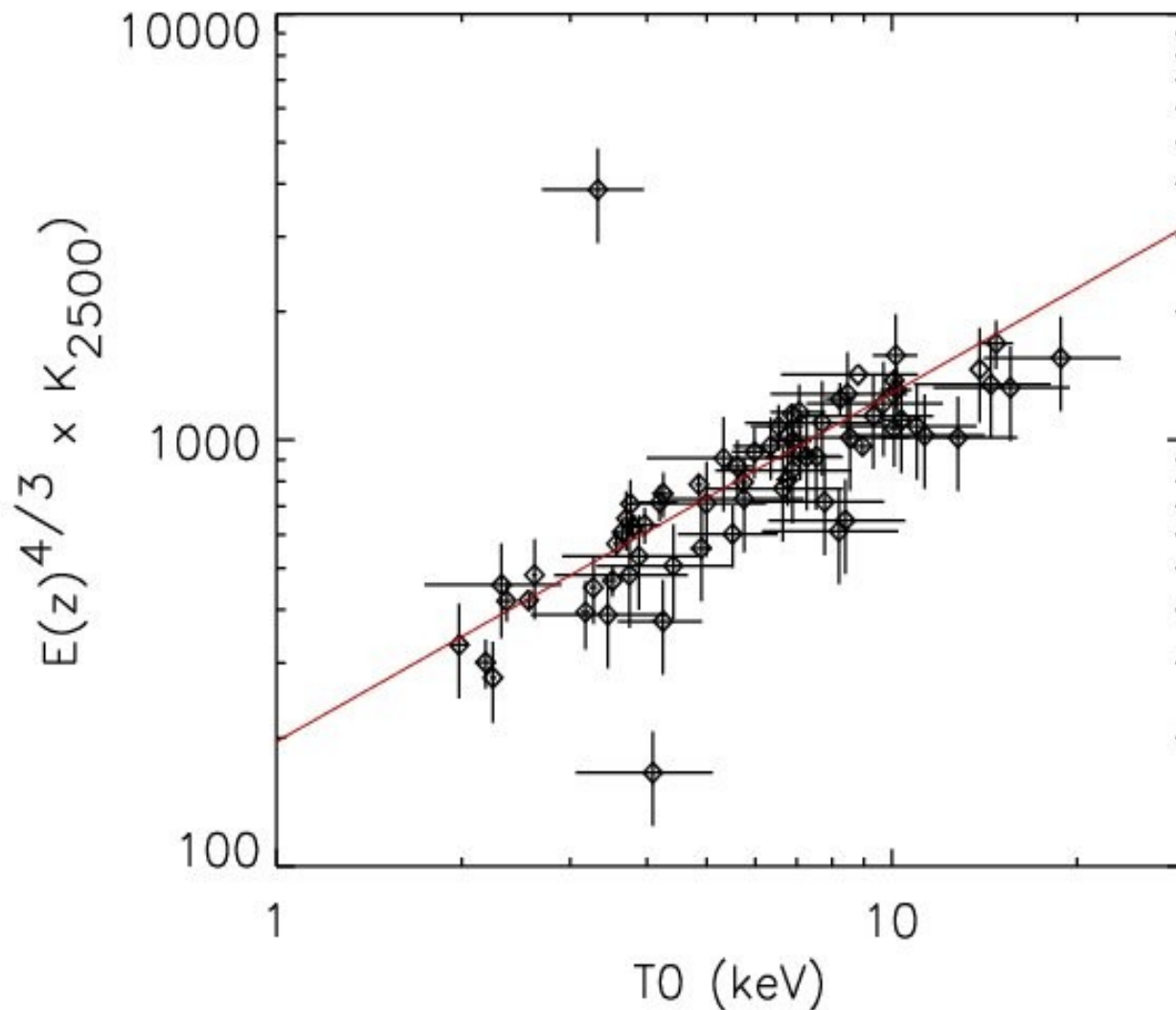


Self similar:  
 $M \propto Y_X^{0.6}$

Our Result:  
 $M \propto Y_X^{0.55}$

Scatter is 18%.  
Less than the  
measurement error.

# Entropy-Temperature



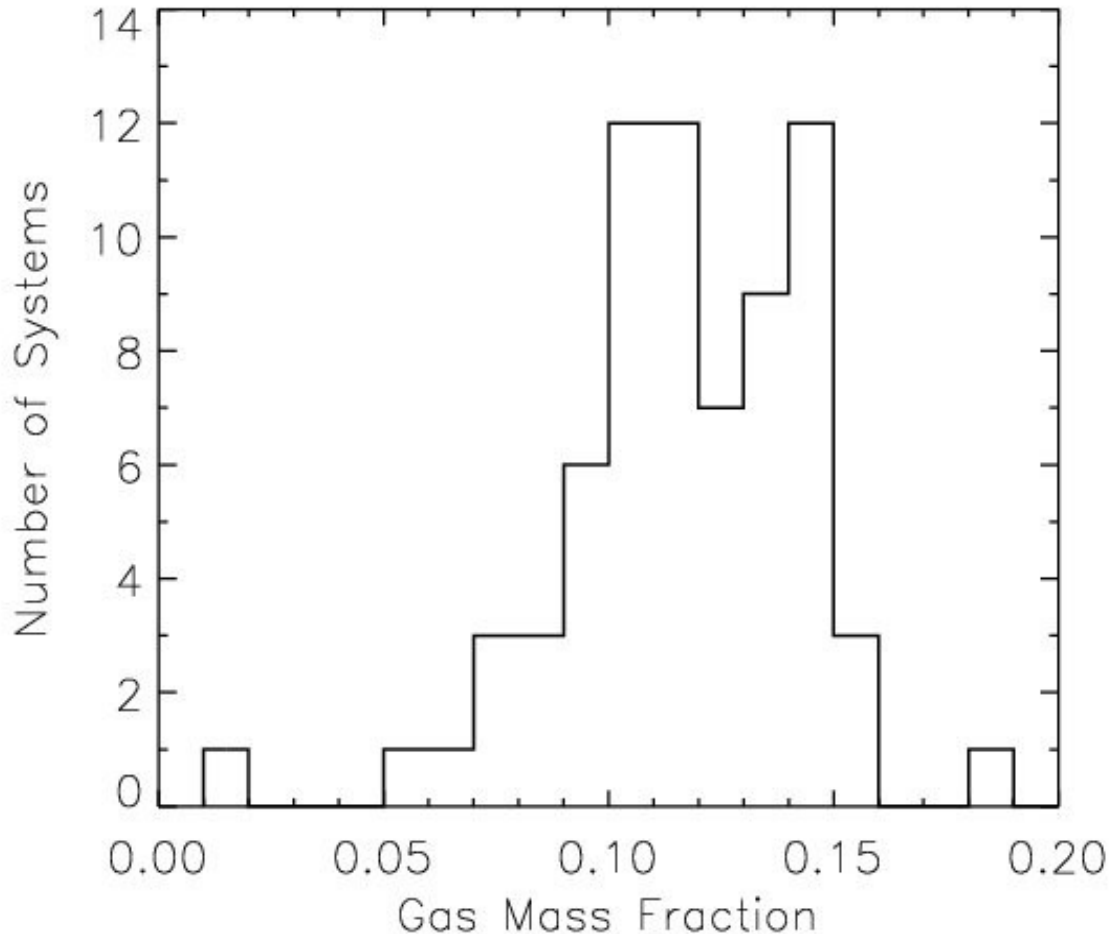
Our Result:  
 $K \propto T^{0.82}$

Nagai et al 2007:  
Sims:  $K \propto T^{0.958}$   
Chan:  $K \propto T^{0.769}$   
XMM:  $K \propto T^{0.657}$

Normalizations Consistent



# Clusters and Cosmology: Gas Mass Fraction

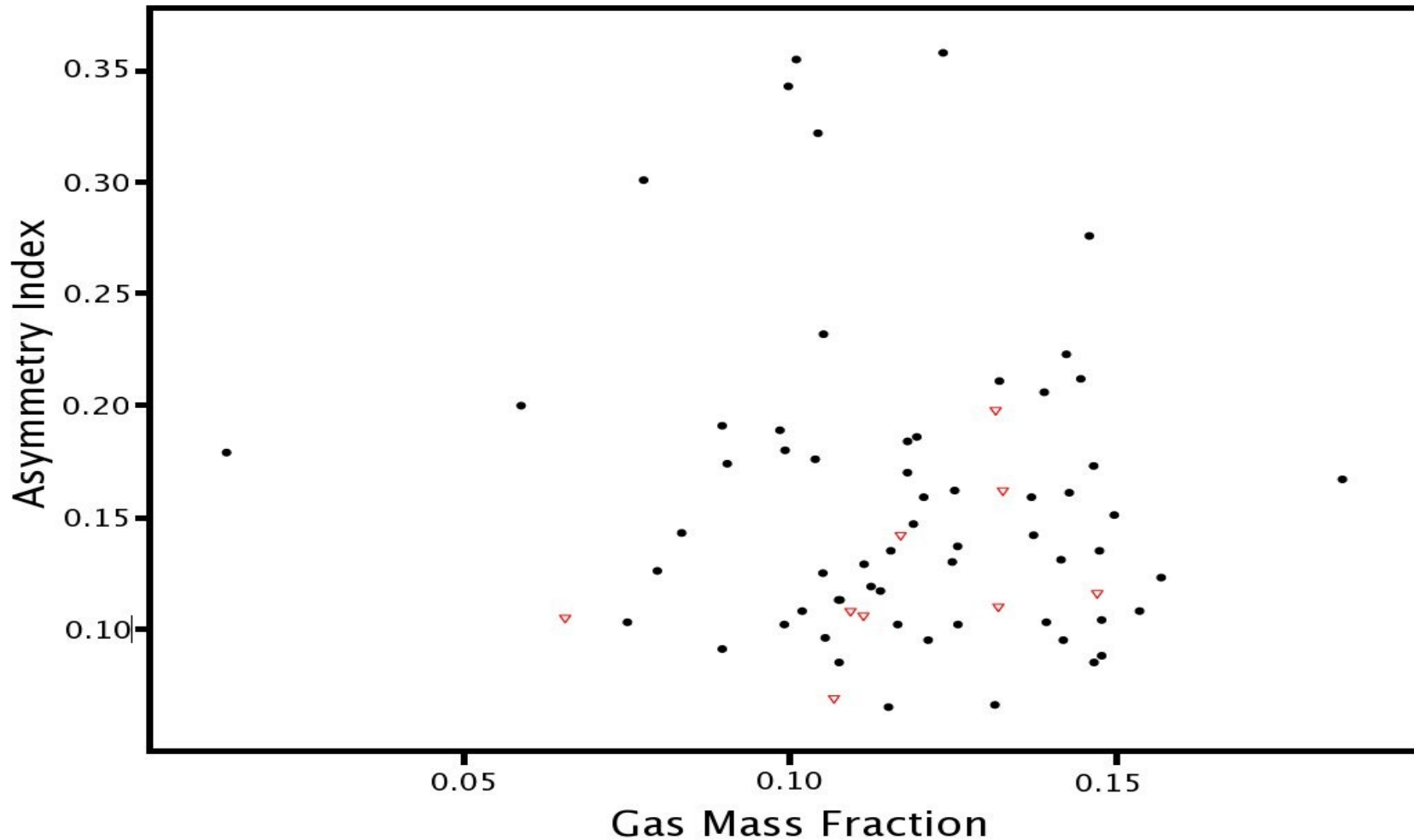


Weighted mean:  
 $f = 0.1040$

Allen et al. 2008:  
 $f = 0.1104$  (all)  
 $f = 0.1113$  (low  $z$ )

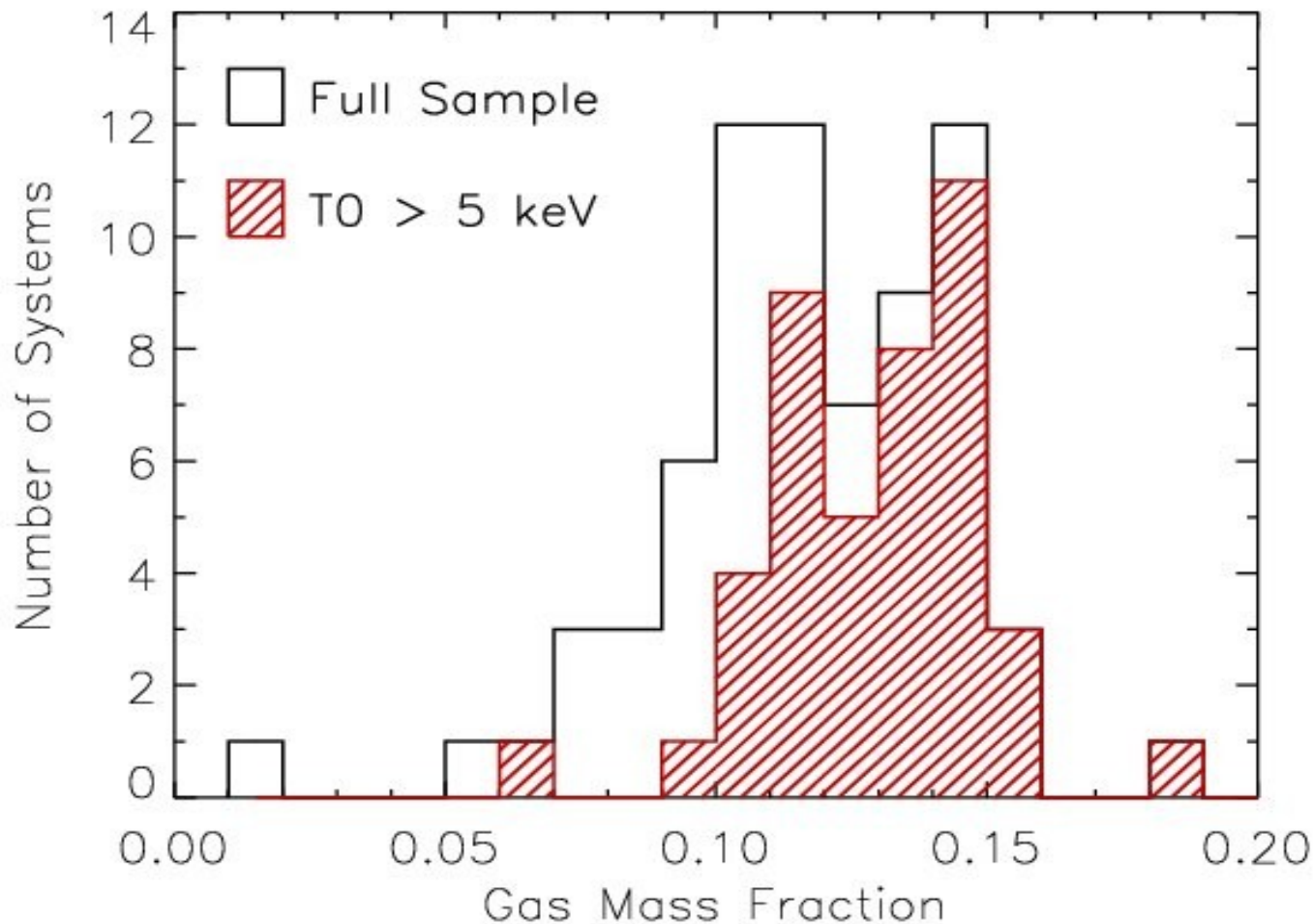
What differences in sample selection produce variation in  $f$ ?

# *Substructure?*



No Correlation between Cluster Gas Asymmetry  
and Gas Mass Fraction

# Temperature Selection



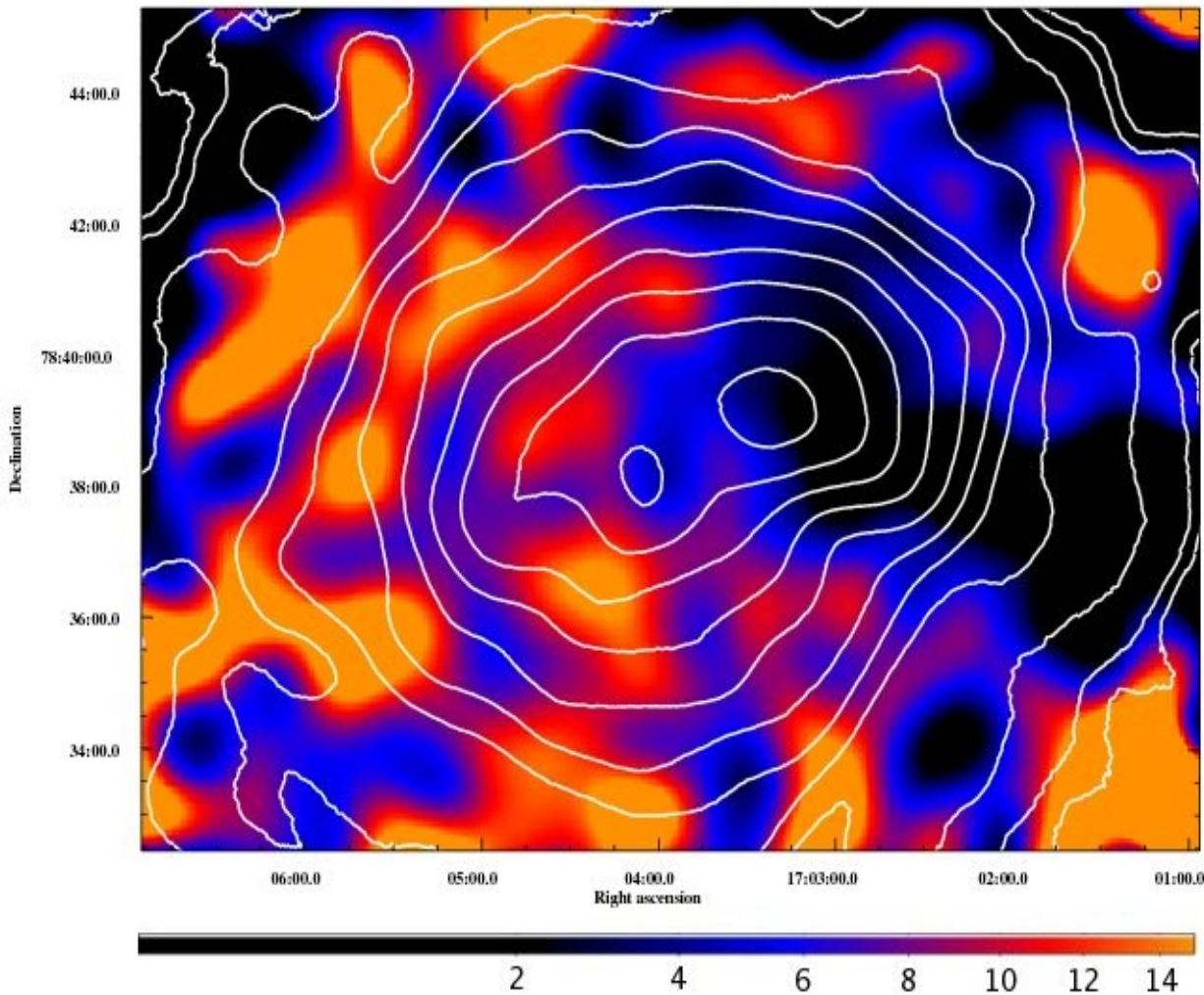
All:  
 $f = 0.1040$

T0 > 5 keV:  
 $f = 0.1111$

Temperature selection enough to account for difference  
(but Vikhlinin et al. 2006 not in agreement,  $f = 0.091$ ).

# ***Lots More To Do:***

## Temperature Map of Abell 2256



- How do properties vary with structure?
  - ★ Both density and temperature.
- What temperature measure is best for correlations?
  - ★  $T_0$ ,  $T_{\text{spec}}$ ,  $T_{\text{mg}}$
- Abundance?

# Conclusions

- Our results agree reasonably well with other cluster samples.
- We verify that  $Y_X$  is a better proxy for cluster mass than temperature.
- Initial results suggest:
  - ★ Level of substructure does not correlate with gas mass fraction.
  - ★ Temperature is more important constraint for selecting high gas mass fraction clusters.
- Look for more results to come...